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| **Mark Antony** |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | **Marcus Antonius** | | | https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/1/19/Marble_bust_of_Mark_Antony_%28Vatican_Museums%29.jpg/240px-Marble_bust_of_Mark_Antony_%28Vatican_Museums%29.jpg  Flavian-era bust of Antony | | | **Born** | 14 January 83 BC  Rome, Italy, Roman Republic | | **Died** | 1 August 30 BC (aged 53)  Alexandria, Ptolemaic Egypt | | **Cause of death** | Suicide | | **Resting place** | Unlocated tomb (probably in Egypt) | | **Nationality** | Roman | | **Office** | |  |  | | --- | --- | | Legate (under Caesar) | 52–51 BC | | Plebeian tribune | 49 BC | | Propraetor | 49 BC | | Magister equitum | 48 BC | | Consul | 44 BC | | Proconsul (Gaul) | 44–40 BC | | Triumvir | 43–33 BC | | Consul | 34 BC | | | **Spouses** | |  |  | | --- | --- | | Fadia | Dates unknown | | Antonia Hybrida Minor | ?–47 BC | | Fulvia | 46–40 BC | | Octavia Minor | 40–32 BC | | Cleopatra | 32–30 BC | | | **Children** | Antonia  Marcus Antonius Antyllus  Iullus Antonius  Antonia Major  Antonia Minor  Alexander Helios  Cleopatra Selene II  Ptolemy Philadelphus | | **Parent(s)** | [Marcus Antonius Creticus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Marcus_Antonius_Creticus) and [Julia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Julia_(mother_of_Mark_Antony)) | |  | | | **Military career** | | | **Allegiance** | Roman Republic Julius Caesar | | **Years** | 54–30 BC | | **Battles/wars** | Gallic Wars  Caesar's civil war  Battle of Forum Gallorum  Battle of Mutina  Liberators' civil war  Antony's Parthian War  Antony's campaign against Armenia  Battle of Actium  Battle of Alexandria | |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/3/35/Marc_Antony%27s_Oration_at_Caesar%27s_Funeral_by_George_Edward_Robertson.jpg/440px-Marc_Antony%27s_Oration_at_Caesar%27s_Funeral_by_George_Edward_Robertson.jpg |
| "Marc Antony's Oration at Caesar's Funeral" as depicted by George Edward Robertson. |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/4/4b/MarcusAntoniusCVibiusVarus.jpg/220px-MarcusAntoniusCVibiusVarus.jpg |
| A denarius of Marcus Antonius struck in 42 BC |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/2/24/Octavian_and_Antony_denarius.jpg/300px-Octavian_and_Antony_denarius.jpg |
| Denarius struck at Ephesus in 41 B.C. commemorating the Second Triumvirate. On one side is Octavian, later Caesar Augustus, and on the other is Antony |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/0/04/Roman-Empire-43BC.png/450px-Roman-Empire-43BC.png |
| Map of the Roman Republic in 43 BC after the establishment of the Second Triumvirate: |
| Antony |
| Lepidus |
| Octavian |
| Triumvirs collectively |
| Sextus Pompey |
| The Liberators |
| Rome's client kingdoms |
| Ptolemaic Egypt |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/d/d3/Fulvia_y_Marco_Antonio%2C_o_La_venganza_de_Fulvia_%28Museo_del_Prado%29.jpg/440px-Fulvia_y_Marco_Antonio%2C_o_La_venganza_de_Fulvia_%28Museo_del_Prado%29.jpg |
| The vengeance of Fulvia by Francisco Maura Y Montaner, 1888, depicting Fulvia, Antony's wife, inspecting the severed head of Cicero |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/0/0b/Roman-Empire-42BC.png/450px-Roman-Empire-42BC.png |
| Map of the Roman Republic in 42 BC after the Battle of Philippi: |
| Antony |
| Lepidus |
| Octavian |
| Triumvirs collectively |
| Sextus Pompey |
| Parthian Empire |
| Rome's client kingdoms |
| Ptolemaic Egypt |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/b/bd/Sir_Lawrence_Alma-Tadema_-_The_Meeting_of_Antony_and_Cleopatra.jpg/400px-Sir_Lawrence_Alma-Tadema_-_The_Meeting_of_Antony_and_Cleopatra.jpg |
| *Antony and Cleopatra* (1883) by Lawrence Alma-Tadema depicting Antony's meeting with Cleopatra in 41 BC. |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/8/8b/Antony_with_Octavian_aureus.jpg/220px-Antony_with_Octavian_aureus.jpg |
| Roman aureus bearing the portraits of Marcus Antonius (left) and Octavianus (right), issued in 41 BC to celebrate the establishment of the Second Triumvirate by Octavianus, Antonius and Marcus Lepidus in 43 BC. |
| Lot 253 image |
| Marcus Antonius and C. Caesar Octavianus with M. Barbatius. Aureus, mint moving with M. Antonius 41, AV 8.02 g. |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/6/62/Coin_Octavianus_and_Mark_Antony.PNG/220px-Coin_Octavianus_and_Mark_Antony.PNG |
| A denarius of both Octavianus and Marcus Antonius struck in 41 BC |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/d/df/Mark_Antony_and_Octavia.jpg/200px-Mark_Antony_and_Octavia.jpg |
| Antony and Octavia on the obverse of a tetradrachm issued at Ephesus in 39 BC. Antony and his brother-in-law, Octavian, enacted a new treaty that year which redivided control over the Roman world. |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/e/ed/Marcus_Antonius_marble_bust_in_the_Vatican_Museums%2C_side_view.jpg/220px-Marcus_Antonius_marble_bust_in_the_Vatican_Museums%2C_side_view.jpg |
| A Roman bust of Mark Antony, late 1st century AD, Vatican Museums |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/9/95/Castro_Battle_of_Actium.jpg/220px-Castro_Battle_of_Actium.jpg |
| *The Battle of Actium* (1672) by Laureys a Castro (National Maritime Museum, London) |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/b/b1/Antiochia_%28forse%29%2C_tetradracma_di_cleopatra_VII_e_marcantonio%2C_36_ac_ca.JPG/220px-Antiochia_%28forse%29%2C_tetradracma_di_cleopatra_VII_e_marcantonio%2C_36_ac_ca.JPG |
| A tetradrachm of Marcus Antonius and Cleopatra VII of Ptolemaic Egypt |
| |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | Political offices | | | | Preceded by  C. Caninius Rebilus C. Trebonius  as suffecti | Roman consul 44 BC With: Julius Caesar P. Cornelius Dolabella (suffect) | Succeeded by  C. Vibius Pansa Aulus Hirtius | | Preceded by  Sextus Pompeius P. Cornelius Dolabella | Roman consul II 1 January 34 BC With: L. Scribonius Libo | Succeeded by  L. Sempronius Atratinus | |



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| **Compiler FLN** |